

No. IX.

THE
Annual Administration Report

OF THE

BHARATPUR STATE

FOR THE YEAR 1904-05.



BHARATPUR:
PRINTED AT THE STATE PRESS

1905.



THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT ON THE BHARATPUR STATE FOR THE YEAR 1904-05.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

The state of Bharatpur is situated in the extreme North-East of the Rajputana Agency and is bounded on the North by the Gurgaon District of the Punjab, on the south by the Rajputana States of Dholpur, Karauli and Jaipur, on the East by the Muttra and Agra Districts, and on the west by Alwar. It lies between latitudes $26^{\circ} 43'$ and $27^{\circ} 50'$ and longitudes $76^{\circ} 54'$ and $77^{\circ} 48'$. The greatest length is 76 miles and the greatest breadth is 48 miles.

2. **Area.**—The total area according to the revenue survey of 1855-58 is 1974.07 square miles, and according to settlement maps, 1993 square miles. The local standard of measurement is *bigha* which is equal to $\frac{2}{3}$ of an acre, according to this measurement the total area is 12,74,669 acres.

3. **Population.**—The population of the Bharatpur State, according to the Census of 1901, is 6,26,665.

4. **Gross Revenue.**—The gross revenue on an average of the past 10 years is nearly Rs. 27,51,000.

5. **Tribute.**—No tribute is paid to Government or to any other state.

6. **Chief's name &c.**—Maharajah Brij Indra Sawai Kishen Singh Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, is on the Gaddi. He was born on 4th October 1899 and while only 11 months old succeeded his father, Maharajah Ram Singh who was deposed in 1900. He is now $5\frac{1}{2}$ years old.

7. The rulers of this State claim to have been originally Jadu Rajputs, the descendants of Krishna. Sue a Jadu Rajput, 78th in descent from Krishna, is said to have migrated from Biana to the Dig Jungles and founded the village Sinsini named after Sinsina, the *Genus loci* or the tutelary deity. Balchand, the fourth in descent from him took a Jat woman into his harem and had two sons by her Bijee and Sijee. These were regarded as Jats and from them have descended the Sinsinwar Jats and thus the present Maharajah is a Sinsinwar Jat by caste.

8. He is a minor and not yet married. Rao Raja Raghunath Singh is his real uncle.

9. He is related to the Maharajah of Patiala and to the Maharaj Rana of Dholpur.

10. **Principal Events.**—The Hon'ble Sir Arthur Martindale K. C. S. I, I. C. S, Agent to the Governor-General Rajputana visited the State in December 1904. He arrived on the 13th and left on the 16th December 1904. The arrival was informal and the departure public.

11. His Highness the Maharajah of Narsing-garh and Kunwar Sahib of Cooch-Bihar came to Bharatpur from the Mayo College, Ajmer, with Rao Raja Raghunath Singh in December 1904 to enjoy their winter vacations. Their visit was a private one.

12. His Highness the Raja of Kapurthala accompanied by Her Highness the Rani Sahiba also visited Bharatpur in the month of January 1905 for duck-shoot. His arrival and departure were private.

13. On the 2nd May 1904, His Highness the Maharajah commenced to learn English and Hindi. He has now begun to learn riding and takes great interest in it. On ceremonial occasions he evinces great delight and energy in performing the necessary functions.

14. During the year under report Rao Raja Raghunath Singh continued to study at the Mayo College with excellent results.

15. Mrs. Whitehouse, Companion to Her Highness the Maji Sahiba, resigned her appointment in December 1904.

16. **Political agency.**—Owing to the departure of Major W. C. R. Stratton on combined leave, Mr. H. C. Clogstoun, Superintendent Dholpur state, held charge of the Political Agency upto 6th April 1904, Mr H. V. Cobb I. C. S. took over the charge on 6th April 1904, and was transferred to the Gwalior Residency on the 20th May 1904. Lt.-Col. C. G. F. Fagon I. A., succeeded him and was Political Agent during the remaining portion of the year under report.

17. The Council are deeply indebted to the above Political Officers for the lively interest they have taken in the affairs of the State and the valuable advice they gave in administering it successfully.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of the land.

18. This is the fourth year since the completion of the settlement operations—the first regular settlement in the Bharatpur State which began in November 1895 and was brought to a close in 1901.

19. The new assessment on the basis of which we are working now came into force in 1900-01 which may be taken as the first year of the new demand over the whole State.

20. The old *Jama* amounted to Rs. 19,09,766 and according to the new assessment, it was fixed at Rs. 20,85,428, as initial *Jama*, and Rs. 21,38,638 as the final *Jama* after progressive enhancement, and thus there was an initial enhancement of Rs. 1,75,662 and final enhancement of Rs. 2,28,872 on the old demand. The incidence of the initial *Jama* was

	per cultivated acre.	Rs. 1-4-6 per cultivated bigha or
1. *Gurgaon	... Rs. 1 4 0	Rs. 3-3-3 per acre and of the final
2. Muttra	... " 1 14 8	*demand Rs. 1-5-0 per bigha or
3. Agra (Keranli Tehsil)	... " 2 5 6	Rs. 3-4-6 per acre.
4. Punjab (1898)	... " 1 2 0	
5. Bharatpur	... " 3 4 6	

21. If we distribute the old *Jama* on the cultivated area on which the incidence of the initial and final *Jama* has been based, we will find that the present rates are a little higher than those on which the old assessment was calculated. The incidence of *Jama* is Rs. 3-14-0 per head of total population and excluding the cities of Bharatpur, Dig and Kaman which alone have a population exceeding 10,000, it comes up to Rs. 4-5-9 per head, on the rural population. This incidence when compared

	per head on total Population.	with those of the *adjoining terri-
1. Alwar	... Rs. 2 11 10	tories shows that the taxation per
2. Gurgaon	... " 1 13 1	head of the population is undoubted-
3. Muttra	... " 1 10 6	ly very high.
4. Agra (Kerauli Tehsil)	... " 1 10 6	
5. Punjab (1898)	... " 1 5 1	
6. Bharatpur	... " 3 14 0	

22. Since the completion of the settlement operations and the introduction of the new assessment, the people are paying the *Jama* and there are as yet no complaints of a serious nature against the new assessment except in some villages in Kumher and Nagar Tehsils the Zamindars of which have from the very beginning felt the weight of the new assessment. It must however be stated that waste lands in excess of the requirements of the land-owners were separately marked off and leased out on somewhat favourable terms in the settlement especially in Kumher, but the system did not prove to be successful owing to the frequent desertions or resignations of the lessees, and so the State had eventually to manage the area either as *Kham* or to give it to persons willing to take it on reduced rates. Owing to draught and scanty rainfall for two or three years as compared with the average rainfall, the irrigating capacity of, and the quantity of water in, the wells have been much reduced and the saline quantities of the bitter and brackish wells aggravated. Hence there has been contraction in the area irrigated by wells.

23. The Mewat district which was once very famous for its prosperity and good produce of rice and gram has been much reduced owing to the scantier flow of water from the Ruparel River which was correctly considered as the "life blood" of the Mewat district. The decrease in the area irrigated has rendered the realisation of the settlement *Jama* rather difficult and applications for suspension, remission and reduction are made very often.

24. During the year under report 50,216 acres of waste land has been brought under cultivation.

25. There has been no alienation or boundary dispute settlement worth mentioning.

26. Rs. 28,785 were advanced as Taqavi, from the State treasury to assist the Zamindars in the purchase of seeds, cattle and the construction

of wells. Besides this two Agricultural Banks were also started last year which advanced Rs. 6,207 to Zamindars at a reduced rate of interest.

27. There has not been any important variation in the demand except that in a few villages effect could not be given to the progressive enhancement as required by the Settlement Records on the ground that there was no increase in the cultivated area during the year.

28. The sum of Rs. 49,512 had to be suspended owing to crops being damaged on account of breaches in certain Bunds or to overflow of torrential rivers.

29. The following table shows the variations in the cultivated area in acres during the year under report as compared with that of the last year.

Name of the year.	Chahi.	Sairaba.	Barani.	Total.
Last year (1903-1904) ...	1,02,437.	66,723.	6,15,718.	7,84,878.
Year under report (1904-1905) ...	1,10,823.	95,789.	6,05,103.	8,11,715.

CHAPTER III.

Protection.

30. **Legislation.**—Before the State came under the present administration there were no written laws in the State.

Matters were regulated either by custom or some verbal laws.

Since the present regime the Indian Penal Code, Criminal Procedure Code, Civil Procedure Code, and Police Act have been adopted and the Police, Judicial, Revenue, and Miscellaneous Circulars, drafted in the spirit of British Indian Acts and Laws, have been issued.

Appendix II gives the list of laws at present in force in the Bharatpur State.

31. **Military Force.** The Military Force is of two kinds :—

I. Imperial Service Troops.

II. Raj Troops.

32. The Imperial Service Troops consist of one Imperial Service Infantry and one Imperial Service Transport Corps.

33. The sanctioned strength of the Imperial Service Infantry is 652, besides 53 followers, 3 clerks, 102 Transport Carts and 103 drivers, but owing to the grant of compensation for dearness of provisions the force is maintained at 5% below the sanctioned scale. The Infantry

is fully equipped and is very efficient. The services of the Infantry are utilised in supplying Guards of Honour on ceremonial occasions and on the arrival of distinguished visitors. It supplies guard for the treasury, for the Maharaja's Palace and the Agency Bungalow. They are provided with Martini Henry and Lee-Metford rifles.

34. The Imperial Service Transport Corps consists of 7 ponies, 600 mules, 350 carts and 8 Tongas. There are 368 men and followers. It is fully equipped and is very efficient.

250 carts are kept in reserve for field service and hundred carts are employed in different State duties. The fighting men are provided with *Khukries*.

35. During the year under report the Transport Corps was selected for service in the Tibet Expedition, and 230 carts and 504 mules were sent on 6th September 1904, under the command of Rai Bahadur Lala Ghamandi Lall returning on the 29th November 1904. The services rendered by them have been acknowledged by the Government of India.

36. The Raj Troops consist of one Cavalry, four infantry regiments, and an artillery. The sanctioned strength of all the Raj Troops is 2,202 excluding followers. They are provided with lances, swords and ordinary guns. They are generally employed on orderly and guard duties. They are efficient for the duties they have to perform.

37. The expenditure of the Imperial Service Troops during the year under report was Rs. 2,26,275 as compared with Rs. 2,98,895 for the previous year.

38. The total expenditure of the Raj Troops was Rs. 3,16,440 as against Rs. 3,49,095 for the previous year.

39. **Police.** The whole Police force is under a Superintendent who has one Assistant, three Inspectors, 23 Sub-Inspectors, and a number of Head Constables and Constables under him.

40. The whole force is armed with wooden batons and guns and on the whole it is efficient in preservation of order, prevention and detection of crime.

41. The services of Mr. A. G. Blanchett have been obtained from the Government of India as Superintendent of Police and he is at present engaged in reorganising the Police force.

42. The appendices IV, V, VI and VII show the working of Police &c.

43. **Village Police.** The village Police number 1054 in all, of whom 20 are maintained by the State on salaries varying from Re. 1 to Rs. 4 per mensem, and the remaining are paid by the villages, some on land tenure, some in kind and some in cash. They are maintained on the "*Zimmawari*" system of Chaukidari. Their duties are prevention of

crime, to assist the Police in tracing out the cases and to report the occurrence of crime to the Police Station. They are responsible to restore the value of stolen property if they are unable to trace the case.

44. The ratio of Police to per hundred population and area in acres is .18 and .08 respectively.

45. **Criminal Justice.** There are 15 courts which exercise both criminal and civil powers, the Council being the highest tribunal in the State.

46. There are 10 Tehsildars who are invested with the powers of second class Magistrates.

These 10 Tehsils are under two Nizamats. Each Nazim exercises the powers of a district Magistrate in his own circle and hears appeals from the orders of Tehsildars.

There is also a city Magistrate to hear the cases occurring in the city of Bharatpur and he exercises the powers of a first class Magistrate.

The Sessions Judge hears appeals against the orders passed by the Nazims and the City Magistrate and disposes of original cases committed to him by these Magistrates. The sentence of death in murder cases is subject to confirmation of the higher authorities.

The Council hear the appeals from the orders passed by the Sessions Judge.

Appendices VIII and IX show the work done by the various courts

47. **Civil Justice.** The same 15 courts as described above exercise the civil powers. The Tehsildars, as the courts of first instance, hear the suits, the subject matter of which does not exceed Rs. 200.

The Nazims hear the cases exceeding Rs. 200 and appeals from the decisions of the Tehsildars.

The Civil Judge hears the first appeals from the decisions of the Nazims and the second appeals from the decisions of the Tehsildars.

The two Deputy Collectors also hear the cases relating to the landed property assessed.

The Council hear the appeals from the orders passed by the Civil Judge and the Deputy Collectors.

Appendices X, XI, and XII give the work done by the various courts.

48. **Extradition.** Twelve deserters and proclaimed offenders were arrested and extradited to British Districts and 5 offenders were extradited to this State from British territory. Mutual help is rendered in causing the arrest of offenders and there is no want of reciprocity in this respect.

49. **Prisons.**—There are two Jails in the Bharatpur State.

1. Central Jail at Bharatpur.
2. District Jail at Dig.

The District Jail at Dig has recently been abolished and the prisoners have been transferred to the Central Jail. The building of the Central Jail is of old type with an enclosure wall 400 feet square and some 12 feet high. It provides accomodation for 292 and 167 prisoners at 36 square feet and 648 cubic feet per head respectively. It has only one gate to it.

50. Another enclosure known as the Subsidiary Jail contains hospital, female and lunatic wards and the workshop and the press blocks.

The building somewhat after modern pattern provides accomoda-tion for 39 inmates.

51. The question of building a new Jail at some healthier place is under consideration.

52. The average number of prisoners male and female (including lunatics, civil, condemned, unconvicted and convicted criminals) during the year under report was 218·27 as against 214·07 in the previous year.

53. The health of the prisoners has been good. There were 6 deaths amongst the prisoners during the year as compared with 14 in the last year.

54. The general conduct of the prisoners was satisfactory.

55. The rules laid down in the Jail Manual of the United Provinces regarding the discipline and parades of prisoners are being gradually adopted.

56. **Registration.**—Appendices XIV, and XV give the number of documents registered, the value of the documents, and the income therefrom.

57. **Municipal Administration.** There are two Municipalities in the State, one at Bharatpur and the other at Dig.

58. **Bharatpur Municipal Board.** This department is making steady progress. It is divided into 12 wards, each entrusted to a Member, who supervises the Municipal work of his ward.

The following reforms were introduced during the year.

- (1) A Veterinary Assistant was appointed to examine animals brought for slaughter and animals used for drawing Hackney carriages.
- (2) An Overseer was appointed to look after conservancy carts and sanitary godown.

- (3) A number of pits around the city where rain water collected were filled up.
- (4) Suitable sites for burial grounds, crematories, midden and a slaughter house were selected.
- (5) The number of street lamps was increased.
- (6) The number of carts and *pipas* was increased.
- (7) A bench of Honorary Magistrates was appointed to try municipal cases.
- (8) The system of examining articles of food was introduced.

59. **Dig Municipal Board.** The sanitary arrangements in Dig were formerly under the supervision of the Bharatpur Municipal Board. But in June 1904, a separate Municipal Board was established there. The Board has taken steps to introduce necessary reforms. The number of conservancy carts and street lamps was increased. Three latrines for the use of the public were built during the year under report. The work of the Board is carried on satisfactorily under the supervision of the Nazim who is the President of the Committee.

60. There has hitherto been no separate Municipal Fund, as income from purely octroi duty and Municipal taxes is not sufficient to cover the whole expenditure, therefore no entries have been made in columns 2 and 8 of appendix XVI. Entries in columns 3, 4, and 5 represent purely municipal income. Certain income from heads Customs and Excise has been set apart for the expenditure of the Municipalities.

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

61. The season has been moderate on the whole.

The average rainfall during the year under report was 34.67 inches as against 21.27 inches in the previous year. The rainfall was excessive but not fairly distributed and injured the Kharif crops to a certain extent. The severe frost of January did much damage to the Rabi crops, but the winter showers which followed it improved the condition of gram and barley crops. A detailed statement of rainfall is given in Appendix XVII.

62. The public health was generally good though in the winter season malarial fever prevailed in the Bharatpur City as usual. The mortality however was not so heavy as in the previous year. A few cases of cholera also occurred in the month of May.

63. The following table shows the rates of wages and labour :—

Kind of labour.	Rate.
Stone maker ...	From Rs. 6 to Rs. 10 p. m. or from annas 3 to annas 5-3 per day.
Carpenter ...	From Rs. 7-8-0 to Rs. 11-4-0 p. m. or annas 4 to annas 6 per day.
Daily labourer ...	From annas 1-9 to annas 2-6 daily.
Mason ...	From Rs. 6 to Rs. 8 p. m. or from annas 3-3 to annas 4 per day.
Mistri ...	Rs. 17 p. m. or annas 9 daily.

The prices of food grains are given in Appendix XVIII.

64. **Forest.**—Before 1903, there were no proper arrangements for the working of the forests in the State. In the latter part of 1903, the necessity for efficient forest management began to press and a Forest Committee of four local officers was formed.

Priliminary steps were taken to limit the area for grazing purposes with a view to save tracts of hill sides from denudation. Experiments were also made in sowing seeds of teak, Sal and Shisham trees.

In the latter part of December 1904, the Government of India in response to a request from the State lent the services of a Forest Ranger who will submit a report after touring in the district, as to the manner in which the State forests can best be improved.

65. **Trade and manufacture.**—The State is very poor in the matter of trade. There is no specific trade, except the produce of agricultural lands such as grain, cotton, oil seeds &c. which are exported and rice and sugar which are imported. Ivory and Sandal Chauries, and fans as also coarse country cloth called "Garha", beautiful and light earthen pots, and wooden toys are the articles made in this State, but these all need encouragement and steps are now being taken in this direction.

66. 89 owners of land on account of their depressed condition or other cause deserted their holdings.

67. Appendix XIX shows the expenditure of P. W. D. works.

68. Appendix XX gives the agricultural stock.

69. **Post Offices.**—Prior to 1896 A. D. there were only two Imperial Post Offices, viz at Bharatpur and Dig. In the beginning of 1896, Imperial Post Offices were opened at every important town and since then the system has been working satisfactorily.

70. **Mint.**—There is no mint in existence in the State and no state coin is struck, British coin is current in the State.

71. Appendix XXI shows the number of liquor shops.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Finance.

72. On the 1st April 1904, the cash balance in the treasury was as follows :—

			Rs.	as.	p.
536 Gold Mohars at Rs 22	...	...	11,792	0	0
Sovereigns and half sovereigns	...	...	112	8	0
Rupees	...	...	9,73,835	4	8
	Total	...	9,85,739	12	8
Add actual income during the year	...	...	31,57,670	6	6
	Total	...	41,43,410	3	2
Deduct expenditure for the year under report	...	...	32,50,133	11	6
Balance at the end of the year under report as de- tailed below	...	...	8,93,276	7	8
These figures are for Phagun Sudi	{	Gold Mohars.			
Punam i. e. 23rd March 1905, as		536	...	11,792	0 0
the accounts are kept according		Half sovereign.	...	7	8 0
to Hindi months.		Rupees	...	8,81,476	15 8
	Total	...	8,93,276	7	8

73. The total receipt during the year under report amounted to Rs. 31,57,670-6-6 as compared with Rs. 32,91,350-3-7 in the previous year showing a decrease of Rs. 1,33,670-13-1.

The reasons for the decrease are :—

1. During the previous year large recoveries were made under "advances recovered."

2. During the previous year a sum of Rs. 50,000 was erroneously credited to the State instead of being credited to the account of others under head "Deposits." As the State year began on 6th September 1903, and the budget estimates were prepared for the sambat year the columns of demand &c. under Receipts and columns of budget estimates under Disbursement for the period under report could not be filled in.

74. The State is free of debt. It has invested Rs. 25,02,900 in Government securities.

The following are the details of advances or loans :—

			Rs.
1. Loan to Agricultural Banks	...	...	35,000
2. Troops	...	...	23,724
3. Tehsil Deorhi	...	...	1,07,000
4. Taqavi	...	...	56,000
5. Other persons (Debt due)	...	...	16,798
6. Decree money due from Rani Kanno Dei	...	...	2,02,962
Total			4,41,484

CHAPTER VI.

Vital Statistics &c.

75. The number of Dispensaries during the year remained 14.

975 in and 1,40,839 out patients were treated in all the institutions during the year.

The number of mortality amongst in-patients was 5.74.
3808 surgical operations have been performed of which 207 were major including 22 cataract and stone cases.

76. **Sanitation.**—The sanitary condition of the Mufassil is still primitive.

As regards the cities of Bharatpur and Dig where there are Municipal Boards, the sanitation is better than in the Mufassil.

The climate of Dig is more salubrious than that of Bharatpur which is notoriously unhealthy so that mortality here is exceedingly high.

77. **Vaccination.**—27, 997 Primary Vaccinations were performed during the year as against 38, 231 in 1903-04. The decrease in the numbers was due to the prevalence of plague in the State.

The percentage of successful cases was 98.73 as against 99.27 last year.

44.11 per mille of the population were successfully vaccinated against 60.56 in the previous year. The average number of operations performed by each vaccinator was 1,866 against 2,547 in the preceding year.

The number of successful vaccination and re-vaccination was 27,641 against 37,953 last year.

The amount expended during the year on vaccination was Rs. 2,648-6-11 and on medical relief Rs. 36,808-4-4.

78. **Vital Statistics.**—The total number of births and deaths registered in the Bharatpur State during the year under report was 7160 births and 13,105 deaths against 5936 births and 6090 deaths last year.

Ratio of births per thousand of population was 11.43 and of deaths 20.91 against 9.47 and 9.72 respectively in the preceding year.

The arrangements for the registration of births and deaths are still defective and steps have been taken to ensure accuracy of these in future.

79. **Plague.**—Plague appeared in virulent type in 101 villages and towns, the total number of cases from the disease, as reported was 3,578 out of which 2,976 proved fatal.

The disease first broke out in the village of Nagri on the 17th October 1904, the infection having been contracted from Uspar, a neighbouring village in the Muttra District, and then in the villages of Jharaul, Umri, Nadbai &c. On the appearance of the disease in these villages it was decided to relax all the compulsory measures throughout the State except in the two cities of Bharatpur and Dig where there are Municipal Boards. Observation posts were established round these towns to prevent the importation of infection from the outside and segregation and evacuation of infected houses was at first carried out. Afterwards these observation posts were done away with, but the Railway inspection post at Bharatpur is still continued.

The sum of Rs. 6,018-8-11 was spent on measures taken for the eradication of the disease.

CHAPTER VII.

Education.

80. The statement given in Appendix XXV shows the number of schools and number of boys receiving education therein.

81. There were 96 schools of all kinds during the year under report as against the same number in the previous year. 4,340 pupils were receiving education in these different schools as against 4,337 in the previous year.

This shows a small increase of 3 pupils in the current year. The daily attendance was 2,997 as against 2,966 in the previous year.

82. The standard upto which each school teaches is given in the remark column of Appendix XXV. On the whole the State is progressing very well in the matters of education and compares favourably with any other State in Rajputana.

83. Nearly Rs. 40,000 are spent every year on education. This does not include the amount spent by the Public Works Department on school buildings and the stipends given to the Mayo College boys.

84. Education is encouraged by giving scholarships and prizes to the boys after they pass from the various schools of State and also by rewarding successful village school teachers.

Nearly Rs. 6,000 a year are given by way of stipends and scholarships to the students who read in the State schools and having passed from the State schools join the various arts and science colleges, and Rs. 120 are provided every year for the reward of successful teachers.

Four of the students are given stipends of Rs. 40 a month each who are studying in the Mayo College, Ajmer; two getting each Rs. 10 a month, study in the Medical School Agra; one getting Rs. 8 a month studies in the Oriental College, Lahore, and two getting Rs. 10 a month each, are prosecuting their studies in the Colleges at Aligarh and Jodhpur.

CHAPTER VIII.

Miscellaneous.

85. **Press.**—There is a printing press in the State. All kinds of printing is done here for the State, in English, Urdu, and Hindi.

86. **Museum and Library.**—There is a small library attached to the Sadar School and efforts are being made to improve it.

A Museum is attached to the High School. A number of articles of local interest, exhibits of artistic value from different places and objects of natural history have been collected and are of much use in giving object lessons to the students.

87. **Flower Show.**—An exhibition of vegetables, fruits and flowers is held every year. But owing to severe frost the exhibition was postponed in the year under report.

88. **The Stratton Cattle Fair.**—Two cattle fairs, one at Bharatpur and the other at Dig are held every year. But during the year under report the Bharatpur fair was not held owing to the outbreak of plague in several villages of the State and adjoining Native and British Districts.

The fair at Dig was held from 5th September to 10th September 1901, and it was a great success.

The total number of animals admitted was 5,199 out of which 2,742 were sold for Rs. 73,550-4-0. A sum of Rs. 666 was distributed in prize.

89. **Wild animals.**—The organisation of wild cattle department has been of great utility to the State and to the public. Nearly all wild cattle except a few have been captured and impounded in one enclosure. Since the organisation of the Department 5,518 cattle have been captured. About 49 are still said to be at large.

(Sd.) Rao Sahib Munshi Damoder Lal. *Financial Member.*
 „ Lala Pahu Ram *Judicial Member.*
 „ Pandit Girdhari Lal *Revenue Member.*
 „ Dhao Bakhshi Raghubir Singh *Miscellaneous Member.*
Bharatpur Council. Dated the 25th June 1905.

APPENDIX I.

Names of High officials in the Bharatpur State and Agency officials showing changes in personnel during the year 1904-05.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	PERIOD.		REMARKS.
		From	To	
H. C. Clogstoun, Esqr. ...	In charge Political Agent's office.	1st April 1904.	6th April 1904.	.....
H. V. Cobb, Esqr. I. C. S. ...	Political Agent ...	7th April 1904.	20th May 1904.	Transferred to Gwalior Residency.
Lieut.-Col. G. G. F. Fagan I. A. ...	Ditto ...	21st May 1904.	31st March 1905.	.....
V. G. Drake-Brockman Major I. M. S. ...	Agency Surgeon ...	Throughout the year.		.....
C. R. Judd Esqr. ...	State Engineer ...	Ditto	...	Was on combined leave from 29th March 1904 to 11th December 1904.
H. F. D. Burko Esqr. ...	Assistant Engineer ...	Ditto	...	.....
Rao Sahib M. Danoder Lal ...	Member of Council ...	Ditto	...	.....
Dhoo Bakshi Raghubir Singh ...	Ditto ...	Ditto	...	He is also the guardian to H. H. the Maharajah.
Rai Bahadur M. Sohan Lal ...	Ditto ...	1st April 1904	9th March 1905	Retired on pension.
Pandit Girdhari Lal ...	Ditto ...	9th March 1905.	31st March 1905.	Succeeded Rai Bahadur Munshi Sohan Lal.
Khan Bahadur M. Rashid-ud-din Khan ...	Ditto ...	1st April 1904.	7th March 1905.	Retired on pension.

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Bharatpur State.

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Indian Penal Code	Adopted.		
Criminal procedure Code	Ditto		
Civil procedure Code	Ditto.		
Police Act	Ditto.		
Judicial Circulars from 1 to 32	Adopted from British acts and laws. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.		
Post office Act			
Revenue Circulars from 1 to 20			
Account Circulars from 1 to 12			
Police Circulars			
Municipal Circulars from 1 to 5	Ditto.		
Miscellaneous Circulars from 1 to 5	Ditto.		

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Military Force in the Bharatpur State for the year 1904-05.

Arm of Service.	Number of fighting officer and men.					Details of force at end of the current year.					REMARKS.			
	At the end of last year	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of guns.					
			Dead.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted etc.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.		Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	514	24	18	3	4	513	1	{ swords. 537 lances 537	...	22	109	382	Rs. 1,65,013	
Artillery	134	8	8	1	1	132	1	{ guns 82 rifles 988	...	6	25	101	14,757	
* Infantry	1460	131	55	72	59	1405	4	{ lances 230 rifles 636	...	28	216	1161	1,36,670	
† Imperial Service Troops..	955	252	33	10	212	952	2	{ pistols 28 swords 13 khukris 320	...	23	141	806	2,26,275	
Total	3063	415	114	86	276	3002	8	{ swords 550 guns 82 lances 767 pistols 28 khukris 320 rifles 1624	...	79	491	2450	5,42,715	

* Includes Raj Paltan, Biskamber Paltan, Baisi and Gharcharas, and does not include Shutarhana Naqdi.

† Includes Imperial Service Infantry and Transport Corps.

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police for the year 1904.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.			Total cost.			Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
		Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended depart-mentally.	Punished Judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under ins-truction.	
1	2	3			4			5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Superintendent	1	319	3,190	1	...	Including contribution to pension.
Assistant Superintendent.	1	175	...	...	2,276	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Inspectors	3	333	12	...	4,177	11	9	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
Sub-Inspectors	23	770	8,340	1	15	2	23	...	Including contribution to pension in the case of one Inspector. Including court Inspector.
Head Constables	94	880	...	...	10,582	14	6	2	26	...	...	...	69	...
Lance Hd. Constables and Constables 1st and 2nd grade	973	5,185	...	...	58,811	12	2	9	63	8	1	...	154	...
Savars	35	756	...	...	8,078	5	6	...	8	...	...	...	5	...
Total	1132	8,418	12	...	95,456	15	11	11	112	10	1	...	256	...	The pay of menials such as Bhishtis, Sweepers etc. has not been included.
Chowkidars	20	60	...	...	582	14	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused accepted or discharged.		Percentage of convicts (columns 4 and 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Bharatpur ...	963	904	761	562	761	562	496	369	265	140	65.17	65.65	65.17	65.65	

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Bharatpur state during the year 1904-05.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bharatpur	Rs. As. P. 58,032 9 0	Rs. As. P. 41,896 7 0	Rs. As. P. 13,156 9 2	Rs. As. P. 10,478 0 0	22.6	25.009	

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05.

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[illegible]

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of						Persons remaining at end of year.	REMARKS.
	Past year.	present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1904-05.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.					
				Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
Nizamut Bharatpur	199	164	37	206	22	57	3	...	37	288	89	57	156	8	1	14				
Tehsil Bharatpur	185	156	16	37	13	273	5	...	16	328	78	179	59	...	6	22				
Tehsil Rupbas	117	127	17	31	52	472	...	...	17	555	32	438	74	...	...	28	
Tehsil Biana	129	124	35	40	18	159	4	...	35	221	8	97	189	...	1	11				
Tehsil Weir	219	225	32	25	11	502	...	1	32	539	128	309	87	...	23	24				
Tehsil Nadbai	133	116	17	4	4	458	...	...	17	466	46	388	80	...	45	24		
Nizamut Dig	243	163	32	136	139	76	...	...	32	351	102	65	130	...	23	46		
Tehsil Dig	82	82	4	23	10	77	...	...	4	110	22	23	54	11	...	4		
Tehsil Kaman	63	150	9	40	126	306	...	...	9	472	65	306	65	...	1	44		
Tehsil Pahari	102	102	21	17	3	231	13	...	21	264	56	196	31	...	2	...				
Tehsil Nagar	66	81	9	36	51	91	...	...	9	178	18	90	54	...	3	22		
Tehsil Kumber	111	162	9	18	97	203	8	...	9	326	68	165	64	...	6	29				
City Magistracy	8	239	13	87	74	244	...	...	13	405	48	188	158	4	4	16		
Total	1657	1891	251	700	620	3149	33	1	251	4503	760	2451	1101	43	115	284				

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal courts in the Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05.

Tribunals.		NUMBER OF PESONS AND CASES.																REMARKS.				
		Number of applications.		Applica- tions re- jected.		Sentences.						Proce- dings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.			Pending.			
						Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.
Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.					
Council	21	1	1	8	8	3	3	3	3	3	...	...	...	4	4	2	2		
Judge's Court	256	91	36	137	122	15	11	58	53	...	...	56	21	14	8	12	5			
Nizamat Bharatpur	30	...	...	25	18	1	1	14	8	...	...	...	...	5	2	2	1
Nizamat Dig	60	109	25	21	13	4	3	9	5	8	5	...	...	10	7	12	2			
Total	367	201	62	191	161	23	18	84	69	8	5	56	21	33	21	28	10					

APPENDIX X.

Civil Work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of.

Tribunal.	Filed during the year re-ceived by transfer or on re-mand.				Total		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance		Suits filed during the present year.										Suits disposed of during present year.					Remarks.					
	Opening balance.		Present year.		Past year.		Present year.		Past year.		Present year.		Past year.		Present year.		Past year.		Present year.		Past year.		Present year.		Past year.		Present year.		Past year.		
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.		Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	
Nizamut Bharatpur...	50	180	702	411	752	591	572	543	180	48	Rs. 41,739	6	0	...	294	117	310	89	11	1	...	89	199	92	163	63,014	4	100	2-21		
Nizamut Dig	4	7	23	17	27	24	20	22	7	2	16,379	3	3	...	17	...	...	13	3	...	1	...	3	2	17	10,289	2	50	2-28	
Circle Dig	1	...	2	3	3	3	3	2	...	1	1,260	0	0	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	560	0	00	2-20	
Circle Bhuratpur	5	6	6	5	11	11	4	2	7	9	3,893	15	11	...	...	...	...	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,263	1	100	3-0	
Tehsil Bharatpur	22	47	157	207	179	254	136	238	43	16	6,689	4	9	...	181	8	186	21	...	...	...	35	68	35	100	2,976	0	00	1-28	
Tehsil Rupbas	3	73	206	193	209	266	141	243	68	23	4,958	4	2	...	21	145	27	170	25	...	...	12	135	35	61	4,923	4	40	2-0	
Tehsil Biana	13	26	110	186	123	212	98	197	25	25	6,298	4	74	...	85	91	10	177	9	...	...	6	73	45	63	5,101	8	60	2-18	
Tehsil Weir	8	25	201	169	209	194	184	179	25	15	6,074	15	0	...	43	116	10	158	11	...	...	5	103	26	45	6,480	14	60	3-0	
Tehsil Nadbai	11	25	112	85	123	60	98	54	25	6	1,545	6	0	...	34	1	34	1	...	...	...	3	26	10	5	10,850	11	00	5-4	
Tehsil Dig	17	22	162	299	179	321	157	314	22	7	8,322	15	9	...	6	293	...	...	...	...	...	14	272	8	20	8,891	15	90	2-10	
Tehsil Kaman	26	14	210	234	236	248	222	224	14	24	10,611	14	9	...	2	232	210	24	...	...	...	14	184	23	3	9,435	5	90	1-20	
Tehsil Pahari	4	21	88	46	92	67	71	65	21	2	2,216	9	6	...	2	44	40	6	...	...	...	7	31	5	22	3,404	12	60	2-0	
Tehsil Nagar	13	13	90	155	103	168	90	163	13	5	5,444	13	0	...	5	150	136	18	1	...	...	25	83	4	51	5,290	13	60	1-12	
Tehsil Kumer	13	41	241	111	234	152	213	134	41	18	5,654	0	0	...	6	107	91	22	...	...	...	23	89	3	19	5,937	0	00	1-0	
Total	190	500	2310	2071	2500	2571	2009	2370	491	201	1,21,149	0	84	191	1,704	173	1808	253	18	1	1	233	1277	289	571	1,39,418	14	24	...		

APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.		Applications brought to the register.		Total.		Disposed of		Closing balance.		Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of—			Remarks.			
	Past year.	Present year.	Bs.	a. p.	Value for present year.		Value for present year.		Value for present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Rs.	a. p.	Below 6 months.		Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
					Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.									
Nizamut Bharatpur.	59	139	22,468	10 3	542	463	68,924	7 10	601	602	91,393	2- 1	462	459	78,303	0 10	139	83	9
Nizamut Dig.	18	16	10,904	9 3	30	37	19,604	12 3	48	53	30,509	5 6	32	39	18,006	3 3	16	14	1
Circle Bharatpur.	4	8	22,642	8 3	12	9	1,564	4 0	16	17	24,206	12 3	8	7	1,638	14 3	8	10	2
Circle Dig.	...	2	1,531	0 0	...	2	1,795	0 0	...	4	3,326	0 0	...	4	3,326	0 0	...	...	...
Tehsil Bharatpur.	10	24	1,515	14 6	93	112	6,802	6 3	103	136	8,318	4 9	79	105	6,158	13 6	24	31	...
Tehsil Ropbas.	8	8	485	9 0	39	49	2,339	15 6	47	57	2,825	8 6	39	35	1,148	10 6	8	22	...
Tehsil Biana.	14	12	343	12 6	33	34	1,609	6 9	47	46	1,958	3 3	35	39	1,609	8 3	12	7	...
Tehsil Weir.	14	20	585	3 0	90	87	2,259	8 1½	104	107	2,844	11 1½	84	97	2,490	0 4½	20	10	...
Tehsil Nudbai.	6	17	1,395	7 6	38	21	1,456	3 6	44	33	2,831	11 0	27	32	2,152	8 6	17	6	...
Tehsil Dig.	22	19	919	13 9	108	18	991	15 9	130	37	1,941	13 6	111	27	1,550	7 0	19	10	...
Tehsil Koman.	31	19	641	7 0	160	136	7,105	2 6	131	155	7,746	9 6	112	114	5,687	10 6	19	41	...
Tehsil Pahari.	6	19	1,001	4 9	45	28	2,225	12 6	51	47	3,227	1 3	32	37	2,543	1 6	19	10	...
Tehsil Nagar.	7	20	1,574	6 0	51	41	2,859	4 6	58	61	4,433	10 6	38	49	3,950	10 6	26	12	...
Tehsil Kumber.	11	15	213	0 0	92	69	1,638	0 0	103	84	1,851	0 0	88	76	1,630	0 0	15	8	...
Total	210	388	66,257	9 9	1273	1106	1,21,176	3 5½	1488	1444	1,87,433	13 2½	1147	1120	1,30,193	8 11½	836	324	94

APPENDIX XII.

Civil work—Number and results of appeals in Civil suits.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of								Average duration.		REMARKS.			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases re-manded for retrial.	Cases compromised & otherwise disposed of.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.		Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
Council.	7	5	5	18	12	23	7	10	5	13	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
	14	9	105	160	119	169	110	162	9	7	557 2 0	4,533 3 3	4	9	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nizam's Court.	3	10	44	53	47	63	37	57	10	6	2,317 2 3	68,748 7 6	50	79	17	30	9	6	15	18	19	29	159-26	116-8	...	
	7	6	55	60	62	66	56	62	6	4	3,434 4 0	1,908 14 3	22	32	4	8	2	1	7	12	2	4	29 days.	0-1-6	...	
Nizam's Dig.	3	3	31	29	34	32	31	25	3	7	88 1 6	3,742 11 6	12	15	11	18	7	2	3	1	...	3	22 days.	20 days	...	
	1	...	3	6	4	6	4	6	...	3	136 0 0	1,123 4 6	1	1	2	...	...	3	2	4	1	1	0-2-7	0-2-27	...
Circle Bharatpur.	33	33	243	326	278	359	245	322	33	40	63,769 0 9	80,272 9 0	121	174	50	60	22	12	30	35	22	38	112-21	75-63	...	
	
Circle Dig.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	
Total	35	33	243	326	278	359	245	322	33	40	63,769 0 9	80,272 9 0	121	174	50	60	22	12	30	35	22	38	112-21	75-63	...	
	

APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the State during the year 1904-05.

Stations.	No. of prisons.	No. of prisoners	Daily average.	Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.	Past year.	Present year.	
				Past year.			
Bharatpur.	1	191	275	* 78137	* 79669	218.27	180
Dig.	1	17	140	* 7475	* 5713	20.48	12
Total	2	208	415	85612	85382	233.92	192
						21,607	24 days.
						† 18,718	34 days
						‡ 2,889	15 "
							6 deaths against 14.

* Aggregate.

† The expenditure incurred under the heads Finger Impression, Bakery, repairs to buildings and cemetery has been excluded as it is not debitable to Jail.

APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of documents in the Bharatpur State.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents registered pending enquiry at the close of the year.	REMARKS.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.					
			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Nizamats ...	328	246	103	61	166	142	6	5	37	19	16	19	284	219	Rs. 32,186	Rs. 21,715	20	14	24	13	
Circle Bharatpur.	41	24	28	19	12	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	41	21	7,321	6,002	...	3	..	.....
Circle Dig ...	35	32	27	25	8	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	32	32	5,923	5,921	3	...	..	.....
Total ...	404	302	158	105	186	151	6	5	37	19	17	22	357	272	45,430	38,639	23	17	24	13	

APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1904-05.

Description.	Past year.						Present year.						Remarks.		
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
		Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.		Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.		as.	p.
Nizamut Bharatpur	188	12,442	11	...	2,108	13	9	158	8,480	12	6	1,144	6	9	
Nizamut Dig	96	19,743	5	...	1,358	11	...	61	13,234	15	...	1,641	9	3	
Circle Bharatpur	41	7,321	2	...	498	1	9	24	6,002	...	...	348	9	9	
Circle Dig	32	5,923	6	...	270	6	3	32	5,921	12	...	442	14	6	
Total	357	45,430	8	...	4,536	...	9	275	33,639	7	6	3,577	8	3	
Deduct expenditure.	...	.....	...	...	288	...	...	...	.....	...	...	288	...	...
Net profit.	...	.....	...	...	4,248	...	9	.....	.....	...	...	3,289	8	3	

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Income and expenditure of the Bharatpur Municipalities from 1st April 1904 to 31st March 1905.

Name of Municipality.	Balance.			Income.						Total.			Expenditure.						Balance.	Remarks.			
				Last year.			Current year.						Last year.			Current year.							
	Rs	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.					
1	2			3			4			5			6			7			8				
1. Bharatpur ...	...	...	...	9,238	6	7	13,202	15	5		13,202	15	5	24,404	6	10	2,170	4	7	1	...	...	...
2. Dig ...	...	...	...	2,752	2	3	3,642	11	9		3,642	11	9	2,266	5	9	3,650	4	6		...	...	...
3. Total ...	...	...	...	11,990	8	10	16,845	11	2		16,845	11	2	26,670	12	7	25,354	11	7		...	...	..

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rainfall in the Bharatpur State.

State.	April 1904.	May 1904.	June 1904.	July 1904.	August 1904.	September 1904.	October 1904.	November 1904.	December 1904.	January 1905.	February 1905.	March 1905.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks
Bharatpur	0.07	1.38	1.96	11.42	18.47	2.72	...	0.37	1.73	0.75	1.14	0.27	40.31	24.76	22.45	
Kanher	...	1.20	2.40	9.10	12.86	2.72	...	0.37	1.48	0.63	0.79	0.49	32.04	20.40	22.40	
Dig ...	...	1.83	0.22	8.42	13.57	2.99	...	0.74	0.85	1.08	0.74	0.53	30.97	20.52	23.53	
Kaman	...	1.46	1.47	14.11	13.39	3.83	...	0.84	0.58	1.72	0.74	0.33	38.60	20.20	21.30	
Pahari ...	0.13	1.86	1.70	5.85	11.44	4.87	...	1.01	0.52	1.15	0.52	0.38	29.37	16.54	19.92	
Nagar ...	...	0.51	0.77	11.37	10.35	4.43	...	0.25	0.78	0.70	0.45	0.28	29.89	20.75	17.53	
Akheigarh	0.07	1.44	3.56	11.98	16.92	3.56	...	...	1.27	0.45	0.86	0.32	40.23	19.43	18.57	
Bhusawar	...	1.78	0.59	12.25	14.82	3.54	...	0.21	2.14	0.22	0.58	0.03	36.16	25.22	20.78	
Weir ...	...	1.68	0.60	10.19	15.92	2.84	...	0.33	1.48	0.35	0.90	...	34.29	20.58	22.10	
Biana ...	...	0.37	0.49	13.13	21.91	1.19	...	0.21	1.85	1.03	0.27	...	40.45	23.23	20.45	
Rupbas	...	0.66	0.53	9.95	14.71	1.77	...	0.31	1.37	0.98	0.53	0.90	31.71	18.35	21.82	
Uchhai	...	2.12	...	7.18	14.93	3.33	...	0.60	2.21	0.45	0.90	...	32.07	20.52	24.36	
Total ...	0.27	16.53	14.32	124.95	179.34	37.61	...	5.24	16.26	9.51	8.52	3.54	416.09	250.50	255.21	
Average ...	0.02	1.38	1.19	10.41	14.95	3.13	...	0.44	1.36	0.79	0.71	0.29	34.67	20.87	21.27	

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains.

Articles.	During march (past year.)			During march (present year.)			Remarks.
	Mds.	Srs.	Chs.	Mds.	Srs.	Chs.	
Wheat per rupee	...	17	12	...	14	...	
Gram "	...	22	...	...	20	12	
Barley "	...	28	...	...	23	...	
Bajra "	...	28	8	...	22	..	
Juar "	...	31	8	...	22	8	
Makka "	...	24	8	...	22	8	
Rice "	...	6	8	...	7	...	
Dal "	...	16	...	...	17	8	

APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1904-05.

Description of work.	State funds.			Local funds.			Totals.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	...	...	...	Rs.	
Irrigation works	74,213	42,798	1,17,011	...	...	...	1,17,011	
Military "	15,522	11,934	27,456	...	...	...	27,456	
Civil "	1,80,609	58,213	2,38,822	...	...	...	2,38,822	
Communication "	33,777	1,07,599	1,41,376	...	...	...	1,41,376	
Public Improvement	37,299	5,447	42,746	...	...	...	42,746	
Tools and Plants	3,576	1,558	5,134	...	...	...	5,134	
Establishment	52,867	2,009	54,876	...	...	...	54,876	
Miscellaneous works	—399	+11,316	10,917	...	...	...	10,917	
Total	3,97,464	2,40,874	6,38,338	...	...	...	6,38,338	

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.								Ploughs.	Carts.		Remarks.		
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffalos.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.		Riding.	Load carrying.
				Males.	Females.										
Bharatpur ...	1904-05	53,254	64,573	11,297	41,790	2,726		93,100	8,542	19,079	29,362	::	2,286		
Dig ...	1904-05	38,012	54,234	8,556	26,141	2,903		66,742	5,787	32,433	23,361	::	2,799		
Total ...	...	91,266	1,18,807	19,853	67,931	5,629		1,59,842	14,329	1,01,512	52,723	::	5,085		

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05.

Name of State	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bharatpur ...	108	Rs. 9,000	25	Rs. as. p. 4,270 1 9	25	Rs. as. p. 8,792 1 3	...	...	158	Rs. as. p. 22,062 3 0	

APPENDIX XXII.

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05.

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Receipts.

Nature of demand.	demand.		Collection during the current year.	Collection during the previous year.	Remission during the current year.	Balance.
	Arrear.	Current.				
Cash balance at the commencement of the year.	Rs. As. P. 9,85,739 12 8	Rs. As. P. 12,13,500 13 7½	...	...
<i>A.—Land Revenue.</i>
1. Fixed	21,33,487 11 4	20,75,569 11 1	...	...
2. Fluctuating	33,236 4 9	41,916 13 5	...	...
3. Miscellaneous (Collection charges, etc.)	6,621 0 2	25,353 12 0	...	...
Total	21,73,398 0 3	21,42,810 4 4	...	...
<i>B.—Forest Revenue.</i>
1. Timber duty	16,920 9 6	12,776 1 3	...	...
2. Jungle produce
3. Kaila rasam (charcoal fees)
4. Miscellaneous
Total	16,920 9 6	12,776 1 3	...	...
<i>C.—Excise Revenue.</i>
1. Opium license fee	16,920 9 6	12,776 1 3	...	...
2. Molat ditto
3. Country-spirit license fee.	10,382 5 3½	2,889 1 6	...	...
4. Turi license fee	8,555 0 8	10,560 0 0	...	...
5. Ganja ditto
6. Duty on sale of ganja
Total	18,937 5 11	13,119 1 6	...	...
<i>D.—Stamp Revenue.</i>
1. Sale-proceeds of adhesive and imprinted court-fee stamps.
2. Sale-proceeds of plain papers.
3. Stamp duty on plaints shortly stamped or unstamped	42,036 14 0	53,082 0 0
Total	42,036 14 0	53,082 0 0

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Disbursement.

Nature of expenditure.	Budget estimates.		Actual Expenditure.		Remarks.
	Current year.	Previous year.	Current year.	Previous year.	
<i>A.—Tribute</i>	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
<i>B.—Refunds.</i>	
1. Of revenue	1,01,765 7 5	1,45,571 10 10	
2. Of fees, fines, and forfeitures.	51,834 12 3	11,568 13 1½	
3. Of lapsed deposits	
Total	1,53,600 3 8	1,57,140 7 11½	
<i>C.—Administration.</i>	
1. General Department	85,880 12 0	81,710 2 5	
2. Account Department	17,518 13 6	16,851 3 4	
3. Miscellaneous Account Department.	95,122 7 10	1,95,692 9 5	
4. Tanzi Department	
5. Treasury and Store Department.	12,918 5 7	14,265 14 7	
6. Criminal Department	35,321 13 6	33,631 2 6	
7. Revenue and Civil Department.	1,15,945 10 4	1,43,100 4 11½	
8. Record-room Department	
9. Process Department	
10. Police Department	
11. Jail Department	
12. Law charges	
13. Postal Department charges	
14. Printing charges	
15. Forest Department	
16. Contingencies and stationery for Manager's office.	
17. Travelling allowance of Revenue and Judicial officers of head-quarters' office.	
18. Miscellaneous unforseen administrative charges.	79,231 0 2	1,54,636 5 8	
19. Subdivisional office establishment at Dyinga.	
20. Settlement Department	
Total	6,22,749 5 5	8,50,085 4 2½	
<i>D.—Public Instruction.</i>	40,711 5 6	37,795 0 10	

* Includes all sorts of charges

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of Bharatpur State during the year 1904-05.

Receipts.					Disbursements.					
Nature of Demand.	Demand.		Collection during the current year.		Remission during the current year.	Balance.	Nature of expenditure.	Actual Expenditure.		Remarks.
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Current year.				Previous year.		
<i>E.—Law and Justice.</i>										
1. Sale-proceeds of unclaimed property.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Includes Imarat department.
2. Sale-proceeds of intestate property.	629 2 6	...	...	...	...	39,456 11 3	
3. Process-servers' fees, realised in cash.	279 5 0	...	...	...	...	1,16,703 2 8	
4. Amins' fees, realised in cash ... etc.) realised in cash.	608 15 3	...	...	...	...	...
6. Civil forfeitures	
7. Criminal forfeitures	
8. Civil Court fines	
9. Criminal (Magisterial) fines	12,953 11 7	...	...	...	...	...
10. Other fee, forfeitures, and fines	
Total	14,471 2 4	...	...	...	...	6,60,524 8 5	
<i>F.—Miscellaneous Ordinary Receipts.</i>										
1. Ghatkar (ferries)	
2. Maelbidia (fishery)	
3. Fakar (orchard revenue)	9,444 4 8	...	...	...	...	...
4. Jail manufacture	7,620 13 9	...	...	...	...	...
5. Hide license	7,484 7 10	...	...	...	...	...
Total	17,065 2 5	...	...	...	...	6,60,524 8 5	
<i>G.—Extraordinary Miscellaneous Receipts.</i>										
1. Pound fees	
2. Copying and searching fees	
3. Registration Receipts	
4. Sale proceeds of Government securities.	
5. Interests—										
(a) On Government securities.	95,416 0 8	...	...	...	...	1,135 15 5	
(b) On loans	
(c) On khal khelapi	565 0 1	...	...	...	...	1,135 15 5	
Total	1,00,017 2 9	...	...	...	...	1,135 15 5	
<i>H.—Public Works Department.</i>										
1. Establishment Travelling allowance and contingencies.	
2. Original works	
3. Repair do.	
4. Petty do.	10,910 10 4	...	...	...	...	...
5. Survey expense	7,484 7 10	...	...	...	...	...
6. Compensation for removing huts.	
Total	18,375 2 2	...	...	...	...	5,91,379 12 6	
<i>I.—Stamp Department.</i>										
1. Purchase of stamps, including contingencies	
2. Discount paid in the sale of stamps, etc.	
Total	
<i>J.—Pension</i>										
<i>K.—Concurrence charges</i>										
<i>L.—Miscellaneous charges</i>										
1. Purchase of Government securities.	
2. Payment of interests	1,00,017 2 9	...	...	...	...	3,62,000 0 0	
3. Value of police clothing, &c, supplied.	721 3 4	...	...	...	...	34,124 6 5	
Total	1,00,017 2 9	...	...	...	...	34,124 6 5	

[illegible]

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Bharatpur State during the year 1904—05.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Results of In-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average		REMARKS.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		Out-door.	In-door.	
Victoria Hospital Bharatpur ...	17793	600	472	55	38	35		138.97	37.11	
Female "	8749	172	132	30	7	3		44.08	11.47	
City Dispensary "	19571	...	...	...	...	...		158.30	...	
Kumher "	9242	...	...	...	...	...		56.49	...	
Dig "	11902	177	116	51	7	3		67.55	6.94	
Kaman "	10871	...	...	...	...	...		70.13	...	
Pahari "	6941	...	...	...	...	...		45.55	...	
Nagar "	8658	...	...	...	...	...		47.83	...	
Akheigarh "	9063	...	...	...	...	...		51.14	...	
Bhusawar "	8601	...	...	...	...	...		47.45	...	
Weir "	8268	...	...	...	...	...		55.83	...	
Biana "	7190	26	19	8	4	...	Rs. ... 36,808—4—4	47.86	0.78	
Rupbas "	5517	...	...	...	...	...		36.37	...	
Uchain "	8473	...	...	...	...	...		52.58	...	
Total ...	1,40,839	975	739	139	56	41	Rs. 36,808—4—4	919.63	56.30	

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Bharatpur State for the year 1904-05.

Number of Schools.		Description of School.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st march.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	High School	150	176	106	110.	8206.	...	...	Teaches upto Entrance Standard ⁴¹
1	1	Sanskrit "	34	33	25	24	1229	...	...	" " Visharad "
1	1	A. V. nobles "	57	70	33	52	...	3982	...	" " Rajputana Middle Standard
1	1	A. V. M. Dig "	48	60	29	47	...	1868	...	" " " "
14	14	Town "	1948	1876	1248	1338	...	12615	...	" " Vernacular Final "
75	75	Primary "	1972	2024	1457	1357	...	...	6767	" " Lower or Upper "
3	3	Girls "	128	101	68	69	...	...	938.	" " " "
96	96	Total	4337	4340	2966	2997	9435	18465	7705.	

